Part B: Grants for States and Territories

HRSA's Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program



Program Fact Sheet | September 2023

The Health Resources and Services Administration's (HRSA) Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) provides a comprehensive system of HIV primary medical care, medications, and essential support services for low-income people with HIV. Over half the people with diagnosed HIV in the United States-more than 576,000 people in 2021receive services through RWHAP each year. First authorized in 1990, RWHAP funds grants to states, cities, counties, and local community-based organizations to provide care and treatment services to people with HIV to improve health outcomes and reduce HIV transmission. In 2021, 89.7 percent of **RWHAP clients receiving HIV medical care were** virally suppressed, which means they cannot sexually transmit HIV to their partners and can live longer and healthier lives. For more than three decades, RWHAP has worked to stop HIV stigma and reduce health disparities by caring for the whole person and addressing their social determinants of health.



The Health Resources and Services Administration's (HRSA) Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) Part B provides grants to all states and U.S. territories to improve the quality, availability, and organization of HIV health care and support services. RWHAP Part B funding includes the following:

- Base grants for core medical and support services
- AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) grants and ADAP supplemental grants for recipients with demonstrated need
- Minority AIDS Initiative grants for education and outreach to improve minority access to medication assistance programs, including ADAP
- Grants to states with emerging communities
- Competitive Part B supplemental grants for recipients with demonstrated need
- Competitive ADAP Emergency Relief Fund grants

Recipients and Eligibility

Recipients are the chief elected officials of a state or territory who designate the state department of health or another state entity to implement and manage the RWHAP Part B grant. All 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Republic of Palau, and Federated States of Micronesia receive Part B grants.

HRSA also provides funding to the state or territory for emerging communities, which are communities that report between 500 and 999 cumulative reported AIDS cases over the most recent 5 years.

Services

Part B funds must be used to provide core medical and support services for people with HIV, including ADAP. The specific allowable services funded by each state or territory are determined at the state or territory level and are based on a needs assessment and available funding.

Part B recipients must use at least 75 percent of their funding on core medical services and no more than 25 percent on support services. Support services must be linked to medical outcomes. In addition, all Part B recipients and subrecipients must vigorously pursue enrollment in available health coverage options for eligible clients.

Core Medical Services	Support Services
■ AIDS Drug Assistance Program Treatments	■ Child Care Services
■ AIDS Pharmaceutical Assistance	■ Emergency Financial Assistance
■ Early Intervention Services	■ Food Bank/Home Delivered Meals
■ Health Insurance Premium and Cost Sharing	■ Health Education/Risk Reduction
Assistance for Low-Income Individuals	■ Housing
Home and Community-Based Health Services	■ Linguistic Services
Home Health Care	■ Medical Transportation
Hospice	■ Non-Medical Case Management Services
 Medical Case Management, including Treatment-Adherence Services 	■ Other Professional Services
■ Medical Nutrition Therapy	Outreach Services
■ Mental Health Services	■ Psychosocial Support Services
■ Oral Health Care	■ Referral for Health Care and Support Services
 Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services 	■ Rehabilitation Services
 Substance Use Disorder Outpatient Care 	■ Respite Care
	■ Substance Use Disorder Services (Residential)

By statute, a waiver for the 75 percent core medical services requirement is permitted if there are no waiting lists for ADAP and if core medical services are available to all individuals identified as eligible in an applicant's service area.

Funding Considerations

- Part B base grants and ADAP base grants are determined using a formula based on reported living cases of HIV in the state or territory in the most recent calendar year for which data are available. Congress appropriated approximately \$464.6 million for RWHAP Part B base in fiscal year (FY) 2023.
- Part B supplemental grants are for recipients with demonstrated need and who choose to apply to supplement the HIV care and treatment services provided by RWHAP Part B.
- The ADAP base grants provide access to HIV-related medications through the purchase of medication and health care coverage. A limited amount of ADAP funds can be used to pay for services that enhance access, adherence, and monitoring of drug treatments. Five percent of ADAP appropriations are reserved for additional funding to states and territories that have a severe need for medication assistance. They can apply for this through ADAP supplemental grants. Congress appropriated approximately \$900.3 million for Part B ADAP in FY 2023.
- ADAP Emergency Relief Funding is a competitive supplemental grant program intended for states and territories that can demonstrate the need for additional resources to prevent, reduce, or eliminate ADAP waiting lists, including through cost-containment measures.

