The Health Resources and Services Administration’s Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) provides a comprehensive system of HIV primary medical care, medications, and essential support services for low-income people with HIV. More than half the people with diagnosed HIV in the United States—approximately 519,000 people in 2018—receive services through RWHAP each year. The RWHAP funds grants to states, cities/counties, and local community-based organizations to provide care and treatment services to people with HIV to improve health outcomes and reduce HIV transmission among hard-to-reach populations.

**Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Fast Facts: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander Clients**

- **0.2%** of all RWHAP clients are Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (NH/PI).
- **38.5%** are aged 50+.
- **57.3%** live at or below 100% of the federal poverty level.
- **88.4%** are virally suppressed.

Of the more than half a million clients served by RWHAP, 73.7 percent are from racial/ethnic minority populations, with nearly 930 clients (0.2 percent) identifying as Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (NH/PI).

More details about this RWHAP client population are outlined below:

- **The majority of NH/PI male clients served by RWHAP are low income.** Data show that 57.3 percent of NH/PI clients are living at or below 100 percent of the federal poverty level, which is lower than the national RWHAP average (61.3 percent).
- **The majority of NH/PI clients served by RWHAP are male.** Data show that 76.6 percent of NH/PI RWHAP clients are male, 18.9 percent are female, and 4.4 percent are transgender.
- **Data show that 5.0 percent of NH/PI clients served by RWHAP have unstable housing.** This percentage is slightly lower than the national RWHAP average (5.3 percent).
- **The NH/PI RWHAP client population is aging.** NH/PI clients aged 50 years and older account for 38.5 percent of all NH/PI RWHAP clients, which is lower than the national RWHAP average (46.1 percent).
- **Among NH/PI RWHAP male clients, 76.9 percent are men who have sex with men (MSM).** This percentage is higher than the national RWHAP average of MSM clients (65.7 percent of all male clients).

Medical care and treatment improve health outcomes and decrease the risk of HIV transmission. People with HIV who take HIV medication daily as prescribed and reach and maintain an undetectable viral load have effectively no risk of sexually transmitting the virus to an HIV-negative partner. In 2018, approximately 88.4 percent of NH/PI clients receiving RWHAP HIV medical care are virally suppressed,* which is slightly higher than the national RWHAP average (87.1 percent).

*Viral suppression is defined as a viral load result of less than 200 copies/mL at most recent test, among people with HIV who had at least one outpatient ambulatory health services visit and one viral load test during the measurement year.

For more information on HRSA’s Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program, please visit: [hab.hrsa.gov](http://hab.hrsa.gov)