Uniform Standard for Waiver of Core Medical Services Requirement for Grantees Under Parts, A, B, and C
POLICY NUMBER 13-07 (Replaces Policy Notice 08-02)

Scope of Policy
Ryan White Program Parts A, B, C

Summary and Purpose of Policy
The purpose of this policy is to outline the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB) requirements for applying for a waiver of the requirement that 75 percent of Ryan White HIV/AIDS program funds be spent on core medical services.

Background
Title XXVI of the Public Health Service Act, Part A section 2604(c), Part B section 2612(b), and Part C section 2651(c) requires that grantees expend not less than 75 percent of their grant funds on core medical services. These sections also grant the Secretary authority to waive this requirement if there are no waiting lists for the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) and core medical services are available to all individuals identified and eligible under Title XXVI in an applicant’s service area.

Policy
Grantees may submit a waiver request at any time prior to submission of the annual grant application, along with the annual grant application, or up to 4 months after the start of the grant year for which a waiver is being requested. Applications submitted before or after an annual grant application have different requirements than those submitted with an annual grant application. Applicants should choose the method that best meets their needs. The requirements for each process are outlined below.

Requirements to Apply for a Waiver Before or After an Annual Grant Application
This section outlines the requirements to submit a waiver application: (1) in advance of a grantee’s annual grant application or (2) after the grant application has been submitted up to 4 months into the grant year for which a waiver is being requested. Waiver requests must be submitted through the EHB Prior Approval portal and must identify the grant year for which the waiver is being requested. The waiver request must be signed by the chief elected official or the Project Director, and include the following documentation that will be utilized by HRSA in determining whether to grant the waiver:
1. Letter signed by the Director of the Part B State/Territory Grantee indicating that there is no current or anticipated ADAP services waiting list in the State/Territory.

2. Evidence that all core medical services listed in the statute (Part A section 2604(c)(3), Part B section 2612(b)(3), and Part C section 2651(c)(3)), regardless of whether such services are funded by the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program, are available and accessible within 30 days for all identified and eligible individuals with HIV/AIDS in the service area, without need to expend at least 75 percent of Ryan White funds on these services. Acceptable evidence must include all of the following:
   a. HIV/AIDS care and treatment services inventories, including identification of the specific core medical services available, from whom, and through what funding source;
   b. HIV/AIDS client/patient service utilization data in addition to what has previously been submitted via the Ryan White Services Report (RSR); and
   c. Letters from Medicaid and other State and local HIV/AIDS entitlement and benefits programs, which may include private insurers.

3. Evidence of a public process, which documents that the applicant has sought input from affected communities; including consumers and the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program-funded core medical services providers, related to the availability of core medical services and the decision to request a waiver. This public process may be the same one that is utilized for obtaining input on community needs as part of the annual priority setting and resource allocation, comprehensive planning, Statewide Coordinated Statement of Need (SCSN), public planning, and/or needs assessment process. Acceptable evidence must, at a minimum, include:
   a. Letters from both the Planning Council Chair in the Metropolitan area (if grantee serves such area) and the State HIV/AIDS Director describing the public process that occurred in each jurisdiction.

4. A narrative of up to, but no more than, 10 pages that explains each item in a. through d. below:
   a. Any underlying State or local issues that influenced the grantee’s decision to request a waiver.
   b. How the documentation submitted under item two supports the assertion that such core services are available and accessible to all individuals with HIV/AIDS, identified and eligible under Title XXVI in the service area.
c. How the approval of a waiver will positively contribute to the grantee’s ability to address service needs for HIV/AIDS non-core services. Specifically address the grantee’s ability to perform outreach and linkage of HIV-positive individuals not currently in care.

d. How the receipt of the core medical services waiver will allow for implementation consistent with the applicant’s proposed percentage allocation of resources, comprehensive plan, and SCSN. Applicants must also document consistency by providing a proposed allocation table.

Waiver Review and Notification Process
HRSA/HAB will review the request and notify grantees of waiver approval or denial within eight weeks of receipt of the request. Core medical services waivers will be effective for the grant award period for which it is approved. Subsequent grant periods will require a new waiver request. Grantees that are approved for a core medical services waiver in advance of their annual grant application are not compelled to utilize the waiver should circumstances change.

Requirements to Apply for a Waiver with the Annual Grant Application
This section provides guidance for grantees who wish to submit a waiver request with their annual grant application. Waiver requests must be submitted as an attachment to the grantee’s annual grant application and should not be submitted through the EHB Prior Approval portal. The waiver request must be signed by the chief elected official or the Project Director, and include the following documentation that will be utilized by HRSA in determining whether to grant the waiver:

1. Letter signed by the Director of the Part B State/Territory Grantee indicating that there is no current or anticipated ADAP services waiting list in the State/Territory.

2. Evidence that all core medical services listed in the statute (Part A section 2604(c)(3), Part B section 2612(b)(3), and Part C section 2651(c)(3)), regardless of whether such services are funded by the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program, are available and accessible within 30 days for all identified and eligible individuals with HIV/AIDS in the service area, without need to expend at least 75 percent of Ryan White funds on these services. Acceptable evidence must include all of the following:

   a. HIV/AIDS care and treatment services inventories, including identification of the specific core medical services available, from whom, and through what funding source;
b. HIV/AIDS client/patient service utilization data in addition to what has previously been submitted via the Ryan White Services Report (RSR); and

c. Letters from Medicaid and other State and local HIV/AIDS entitlement and benefits programs, which may include private insurers.

3. Evidence of a public process, which documents that the applicant has sought input from affected communities; including consumers and the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program-funded core medical services providers, related to the availability of core medical services and the decision to request a waiver. This public process may be the same one that is utilized for obtaining input on community needs as part of the annual priority setting and resource allocation, comprehensive planning, Statewide Coordinated Statement of Need (SCSN), public planning, and/or needs assessment process. Acceptable evidence must, at a minimum, include:

a. Letters from both the Planning Council Chair in the Metropolitan area (if grantee serves such area) and the State HIV/AIDS Director describing the public process that occurred in each jurisdiction.

4. A narrative of up to, but no more than, 10 pages that explains each item in a. through d. below:

a. Any underlying State or local issues that influenced the grantee’s decision to request a waiver.

b. How the documentation submitted under item two supports the assertion that such core services are available and accessible to all individuals with HIV/AIDS, identified and eligible under Title XXVI in the service area.

c. How the approval of a waiver will positively contribute to the grantee’s ability to address service needs for HIV/AIDS non-core services. Specifically address the grantee’s ability to perform outreach and linkage of HIV-positive individuals not currently in care.

d. How the receipt of the core medical services waiver is consistent with the applicant’s grant application, comprehensive plan, and SCSN. Applicants must also document consistency by providing the following:

i. Proposed allocation table, if not included as part of the grant application

AND
ii. (PART A) “Description of Priority Setting and Resource Allocation Processes” and “Unmet Need Estimate and Assessment” sections of the current grant application;

OR

iii. (PART B) “Needs Assessment and Unmet Need” section of the current grant application;

OR

iv. (PART C) “Description of the Local HIV Service Delivery System” and “Current and Projected Sources of Funding” sections of the current grant application.

Waiver Review and Notification Process
HRSA/HAB will review the request and notify grantees of waiver approval or denial no later than the date of issuance of the Notice of Award (NoA). Core medical services waivers will be effective for the grant award period for which it is approved. Subsequent grant periods will require a new waiver request. Grantees that are approved for a core medical services waiver in their annual grant application are not compelled to utilize the waiver should circumstances change.

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